



Republic of
Serbia



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the European Union



EU for Green Agenda in Serbia: Protecting and investing in biodiversity and water for enhanced climate resilience

Third Project Progress Report

to the Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency

Reporting Period

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Donor: Government of Sweden / SIDA

Implementing agency:

UNDP

Duration: 20 December 2022 – 20 December 2026

Total Budget: \$ 2,098,728.18 USD



Additional
funding by
the Government
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Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft
Confédération suisse
Confederazione Svizzera
Confederaziun svizra

Note: The total budget was increased in 2025 by an additional contribution of \$ 291,600.00 UD by the Government of Sweden, thus increasing total budget from \$ 1,807,128.18 to \$ 2,098,728.18. The additional funds were allocated towards incorporating ecosystem service valorization into sustainable development planning.



Photo: Landscape of Exceptional Features “Gradac River Gorge”– Pavle Jovanović/UNDP

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Background

The overall objective of the project "EU for Green Agenda in Serbia: Protecting and investing in biodiversity and water for enhanced climate resilience" is to support the EU environmental reform and efficient, inclusive and sustainable implementation the Green Agenda in Serbia.

The project focuses on the conservation of wetland ecosystems in Serbia through strengthening policy and base-conditions for improving biodiversity and resilience to climate change. The project aims to support the implementation of Nature based Solutions (NbS) in wetlands through innovative pilot projects and promote opportunities for mobilisation and scale-up of biodiversity financing. Through capacity building, societal dialogue and cross-sectorial cooperation, the project is to establish strong partnerships between the public sector, private companies and civil society, thus accelerating green transformation. The main goal is to improve governance and management of ecosystems through increased capacities for planning, implementation and enforcement of nature, water and climate policies by 2026.

With this project, the Government of Sweden contributes directly to the Green Agenda initiative in Serbia by strengthening Pillar 4 - Protecting and Investing in Biodiversity and Ecosystems of the EU for Green Agenda in Serbia project.

The Ministry of Environmental Protection (MEP), the Institute for Nature Conservation of Serbia (INCS) and the Provincial Institute for Nature Conservation (PINC) are the main beneficiaries of this project, whereas the numerous stakeholders, including protected area managers, local self-government units, civil society organizations, scientific institutions and private companies, are also actively involved, most importantly through pilot project proposals addressing NbS in wetlands, biodiversity and climate resilience, with the goal of securing long-term sustainability of project results.

Summary of key project results in 2025

In the third year of implementation (2025), the project achieved planned key goals. The UNDP project team engaged experts that completed the second bylaw, the Decree on Appropriate Assessment, and presented the final draft to the Ministry of Environmental Protection and relevant stakeholders in November 2025. The drafting of the Law on Nature Protection began in 2025 and is ongoing. GSC Systems, the IT company engaged by the UNDP, upgraded the biodiversity modules of the information systems for the Institute for Nature Conservation of Serbia (INCS) and the Provincial Institute for Nature Conservation (PINC), as well as the field research application (TERENSKA), including elements relevant for wetland conservation. The consultation with the Republic Geodetic Authority (SGA) in the process of aligning the INCS geospatial data with the INSPIRE Directive, was done in synergy with the Swedish funded Smart Geospatial Data Infrastructure Project. Additionally, the consortium (Institute for Biological Research "Siniša Stanković" and Mapsoft), engaged by the UNDP, completed the first version of the online platform for the National Wetland Inventory in 2025, developed and presented the draft digital portal to the MEP. The UNDP Tech Cell developed a wetland conservation-oriented citizen science application in 2025, with its promotion scheduled for 2026. The project successfully implemented the "Challenge Call for Innovative Solutions for Wetland Habitat Protection, Preservation and Revitalization", supporting practical measures to improve wetlands in Serbia. Out of twelve project proposals that entered the acceleration phase, seven projects were selected for support in first quarter of 2025, followed by immediate implementation of 6 projects (one project was delayed). In March 2025, the Sweden approved an addition to the project budget, providing funds for the economic valuation of ecosystem services. The UNDP project team prepared Terms of Reference and engaged a consultancy company through an open tender (work is expected to start in January 2026). The public awareness campaign "This is not just a pond" continued successfully throughout 2025,

featuring press releases, social media posts, and newsletters that focused on the six supported pilot projects from the Challenge Call and engagement of the private sector in financing biodiversity conservation. In summary, 2025 was crucial for achieving the main project results, including the successful implementation of six pilot projects from the Challenge Call process, completion of the upgrade of information systems and field applications for the two institutes, NWI development, communications efforts, and on-the-ground initiatives, thus contributing to our collective mission of improving the conditions for wetland and nature conservation in Serbia.

PROGRESS TOWARDS PROJECT RESULTS

Table 1 below presents the project results achieved in 2025, based on the pre-defined annual targets, with additional information provided in the narrative. Annex A in the Financial Report details the financial data corresponding to the presented activities, including actual expenditures and budget balance.

Table 1. Summary overview of the progress in 2025

EU for Green Agenda in Serbia: Get Started		
Output 1- Regulatory and strategic planning framework underpinning nature-water-climate nexus approach improved		
Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
1.1 Draft Law on Nature Protection aligned with the nature protection EU acquis and relevant MEAs	Final draft	Ongoing
1.2 # of adopted Bylaws	2	Bylaw 1 – Completed Bylaw 2 – Completed
1.3 # of trained staff of the Institute for Nature Conservation of Serbia and Institute for Nature Conservation of Vojvodina Province using the tailor-made capacity building programme	15	Ongoing (UNEP)*
1.4 # of trained protected areas managers using the tailor-made capacity building programme	25	Ongoing (UNEP)*
1.5 # of trained staff of the water management authorities and agencies: Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management-Republic Directorate for Water, Public Water Enterprises" Srbijavode" and "Vode Vojvodine" using tailor made capacity building programme	20	Ongoing (UNEP)*
1.6 # of trainings included in learning modules of NAPA	1	Ongoing
Output 2- Capacities on sustainable and participative management of protected areas and the water-related ecosystems are increased, as well as the capacities on NbS and gender-sensitive, climate adaptation planning		
Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
2.1 Assessment Report of protected area's role in achieving climate change adaptation and mitigation goals	1	Completed

2.2 # of Nature based Solutions integrated in climate change mitigation and adaptation measures of NDCs	1	Ongoing
2.3 # of trained staff of competent authorities on Copernicus Services and Sectoral Information System (SIS)	40	Completed
2.4 # of trained persons on the use of Climate Atlas of Serbia and Disaster Risk Registry in 10 municipalities with focus on impacts of climate change on nature conservation and water management by promoting the multi-functional purpose of freshwater ecosystems	60	Completed
2.5 # of persons from the women's rights organizations trained on the protection of biodiversity, climate adaptation and mitigation	40	Ongoing (UNEP)*
2.6 # activities in synergy with other Swedish funded projects, ie Swedish expertise on spatial planning and nature management	20	Ongoing
2.7 Upgraded application for field research developed for Natura 2000 mapping purposes	1	Completed
2.8 Upgraded information systems and biodiversity databases in the Institute for Nature Conservation of Serbia and the Institute for Nature Conservation of Vojvodina Province	2	Completed
2.9 National wetland inventory completed according to the Ramsar Framework for Wetland Inventory	1	Ongoing
2.10 Updated Ramsar Sites Information Service (RSIS) based on new data for Serbia	1	Ongoing
2.11 # of users of mobile application for citizens science	5,000	Ongoing
2.12 Wetland Restoration Action Plan completed	1	Ongoing (UNEP)*
EU for Green Agenda in Serbia: Take Action		
Output 3 - NbS implemented in pilot site		
Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
3.1 # of preselected pilot sites with high potential for climate adaptation through implementation of NbS	3	Completed
3.2 Call for proposals for Nature based Solution challenge launched	1	Completed

3.3 # of identified pilot sites for potential implementation of NbS	1	Completed
3.4 # of NbS implemented	1	4 - Completed 2 - Ongoing
3.5 Assessment Report on sites with high protentional for implementation of NbS in the future	1	Ongoing
EU for Green Agenda in Serbia: Scale-up		
Output 4 - Additional financing identified for ecosystem restoration to increase the climate resilience of floodplains and related ecosystem services		
Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
4.1 National nature/biodiversity/ecosystems financing plan prepared	1	Ongoing **
4.2 Designed financing mechanism to support nature/biodiversity/ecosystem investments (e.g., investments into NbS and ecosystem maintenance/restauration)	1	Ongoing **
4.3 # of trained persons on gender-responsive budgeting for monitoring national spending of nature protection and climate change related funding	20	Ongoing (UNEP)*
4.4 Road map for gender mainstreaming in nature, water, and climate policies	1	Ongoing (UNEP)*
4.5 # of identified and selected Pilot Protected Areas	5	Ongoing
4.6 # of conducted Ecosystem Service Assessments	5	Ongoing
4.7 # of developed Ecosystem Service Profiles for each pilot area, documenting the types and values of ecosystem services provided, including carbon sequestration, water purification, and recreational benefits	5	Ongoing
4.8 # of developed software solutions to enable the assessment of the effectiveness of protected areas' management	0	Ongoing
4.8 # of developed Ecosystem Valorization Methodology and Tool	0	Ongoing
4.9 # of people trained in using ecosystem service valuation tools and integrating them into development plans (stakeholders and policymakers)	0	Ongoing
4.10 # of reports with recommendations for integrating Ecosystem Valorization into Development Plans	0	Ongoing
4.11 # of developed platforms for ongoing collaboration between project stakeholders, including government agencies, NGOs, and local	0	Ongoing

communities, to facilitate knowledge exchange and joint decision-making		
5.1 # of implemented campaigns and stakeholder dialogues	1	Ongoing

** UNEP as per UN2UN agreement is responsible for the implementation of the above-mentioned activities.*

*** Activity done in conjunction with the BIOFIN project*

In 2023, UNEP and UNDP signed a UN-to-UN Cooperation Agreement to implement several activities within the project. UNEP reported spending a total of \$97,530.98 from the second instalment of \$104,220.00. The UNDP project team will authorize the transfer of the third instalment, amounting to \$59,940.00, to UNEP once UNEP submits its report and receives approval from UNDP.

PROJECT RESULTS IN 2025 - NARRATIVE OVERVIEW

EU FOR GREEN AGENDA IN SERBIA: GET STARTED

Output 1- Regulatory and strategic planning framework underpinning nature-water-climate nexus approach improved

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
1.1 Draft Law on Nature Protection aligned with the nature protection EU acquis and relevant MEAs	Final draft	Ongoing

In 2025, the Ministry of Environmental Protection (MEP) established a working group to develop this legal act. National and international consultants engaged by UNDP provided legal and institutional gap assessments and the first draft of the ex-ante impact analysis. The drafting of the new Law on Nature Protection is ongoing and is expected to be completed in the first half of 2026.

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
1.2 # of adopted bylaws	2	Bylaw 1 - Completed Bylaw 2 – Completed

The expert team engaged by UNDP developed the final draft of the Decree on Appropriate Assessment, along with accompanying reports, which MEP approved. On 27 November 2025, the team presented the provisions] of the final draft to relevant stakeholders during a consultation process held at the UN House in Belgrade. As of 2025, this act also has not yet been adopted.

The draft Decree on Ecological Network was completed and accepted by MEP in 2023 (please refer to Annual report for 2023 and 2024), but the bylaw has not yet been adopted in 2025.



Presentation of the draft Decree on Appropriate Assessment and consultation with stakeholders held on the 27 November 2025 at the UN House in Belgrade

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
1.3 # of trained staff of the Institute for Nature Conservation of Serbia and Institute for Nature Conservation of Vojvodina Province using the tailor-made capacity building programme	15	Ongoing (UNEP)*
1.4 # of trained protected areas managers using the tailor-made capacity building programme	25	Ongoing (UNEP)*
1.5 # of trained staff of the water management authorities and agencies: Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management-Republic Directorate for Water, Public Water Enterprises" Srbijavode" and "Vode Vojvodine" using tailor made capacity building programme	20	Ongoing (UNEP)*

** UNEP as per UN2UN agreement is responsible for the implementation of the above-mentioned activities.*

In September 2025, UNEP continued its capacity-building activities by involving representatives in a training organized under the Carpathian Wetland Initiative. The knowledge and insights gained were later shared with stakeholders in Serbia during an online training in October 2025. The capacities of representatives from competent institutions were further enhanced in mainstreaming nature-water-climate synergy into policy implementation during a training session held on 30 October 2025 in Sremski Karlovci. Participants gained practical knowledge on applying selection criteria and using a prioritization tool, as well as a better understanding of the features available in digital tools for local-level climate planning.



Training organized by UNEP on 30 October 2025 in Sremski Karlovci

The training session aimed at building the capacities of the water management authorities will be held in the first quarter of 2026.

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
1.6 # of trainings included in learning modules of NAPA	1	Ongoing

An international consultant engaged by UNDP assessed the existing online learning module for Environment Protection at the National Public Administration Academy

(NAPA). The assessment produced recommendations to include additional material on Nature-based Solutions (NbS) in future modules. It emphasizes the enhancement of current modules with NbS concepts to equip public servants with the necessary knowledge for effectively implementing and managing NbS strategies.

The report identifies existing NAPA content on climate, water, and nature as foundational but lacking cohesive integration of NbS. It proposes adding about 10-15% of focused NbS content to key modules. Additionally, it underlines the role of NbS in integrating administrative sectors like climate, water, and spatial planning, promoting a comprehensive approach to public policy and planning within the government framework. The new training material on NbS is scheduled for completion in 2026.

Output 2- Capacities on sustainable and participative management of protected areas and the water-related ecosystems are increased, as well as the capacities on NbS and gender-sensitive, climate adaptation planning

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
2.1 <i>Assessment Report of protected area's role in achieving climate change adaptation and mitigation goals</i>	1	Completed

** UNEP as per UN2UN agreement is responsible for the implementation of the above-mentioned activities.*

UNEP completed an assessment on the role of protected areas in achieving climate change adaptation and mitigation goals, using two case studies: the Special Nature Reserve "Peštersko polje" and the Landscape of Exceptional Features "Vlasina." The report includes concrete, context-specific examples of how these protected areas contribute to climate change adaptation and mitigation. It aims to inform and inspire stakeholders, promote replication of successful practices, and support the scaling-up of effective approaches across Serbia.

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
2.2 <i># of Nature based Solutions integrated in climate change mitigation and adaptation measures of NDCs</i>	1	Ongoing

The recommendations for integrating Nature-Based Solutions (NBS) into the climate change mitigation and adaptation measures of Serbia's Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) are to be prepared in 2026. This will be in preparation for the next revision of Serbia's NDCs, helping to enhance their strategies and commitments towards addressing climate change through sustainable and nature-inclusive approaches.

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
2.3 # of trained staff of competent authorities on Copernicus Services and Sectoral Information System (SIS)	40	Completed

The UNDP project team completed the training on Copernicus Services and Sectoral Information System (SIS) in November of 2023 (please refer to annual report for 2023).

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
2.4 # of trained persons on the use of Climate Atlas of Serbia and Disaster Risk Registry in 10 municipalities with focus on impacts of climate change on nature conservation and water management by promoting the multi-functional purpose of freshwater ecosystems	60	Completed

The UNDP project team conducted the trainings on Use of Climate Atlas of Serbia and Disaster Risk Registry in October of 2023 (please refer to annual report for 2023).

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
2.5 # of persons from the women's rights organizations trained on the protection of biodiversity, climate adaptation and mitigation	40	Ongoing (UNEP)

In September 2025, UNEP conducted a workshop on Mount Kopaonik to support the capacity building of the Women Network for Nature and Environmental Protection. This event enabled participants to exchange knowledge and advocate for gender-responsive decision-making. Forty female eco-activists, who are members of various grassroots eco-organizations from all regions of Serbia, attended the event, which centred around the theme "Thirsty for justice - A woman's voice for water." The training

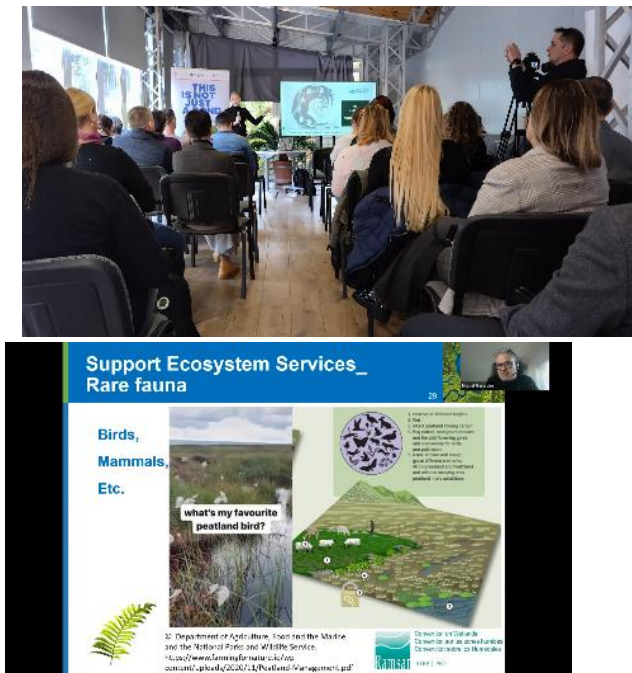
aimed to empower women who fight for the preservation of natural resources and to address key questions about the right to water, climate change, and the future of sustainable development.



Participants of the workshop organized by UNEP on Mount Kopaonik in September 2025

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
2.6 # activities in synergy with other Swedish funded projects, ie Swedish expertise on spatial planning and nature management	20	Ongoing

In a series of online meetings and consultations, representatives from INCS, PINC, and SGA collaborated to facilitate the implementation of the information system upgrades for INCS and PINC by GSC Systems (see output indicator 2.8 below) and to address obligations stemming from the INSPIRE Directive. Additionally, representatives from institutions and organizations involved in Swedish-funded projects participated in several workshops and events organized by the UNDP project team. For example, representatives from the SGA presented their experience implementing the Swedish funded Smart Geospatial Data Infrastructure Project during the workshop "Digital tools and nature protection workshop" in Sremski Karlovci on 13 November 2025, as well as facilitated two online workshops on 8th and 12th December 2025 focused on Peatland Conservation and Restoration, with involvement from IUCN ECARO representatives.

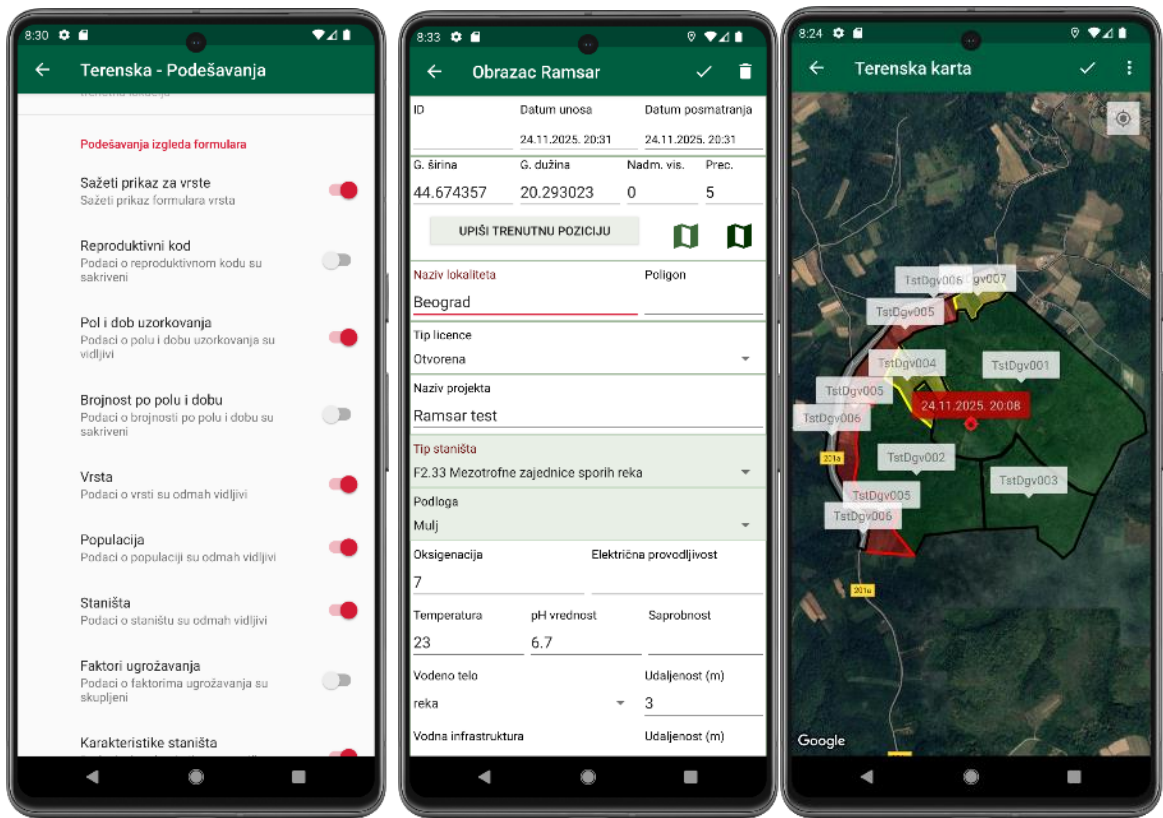


“Digital tools and nature protection workshop” held in Sremski Karlovci on 13 November 2025, and the online workshop on the topic of Peatland Conservation and Restoration held in December of 2025

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
2.7 Upgraded application for field research developed for Natura 2000 mapping purposes	1	Completed

GSC Systems, engaged by UNDP, successfully upgraded the TERENSKA application for field research, initially developed for Natura 2000 mapping purposes. They integrated elements relevant to wetland conservation in the upgrade, which INCS formally accepted. GSC Systems significantly enhanced the TERENSKA field application and web portal, improving both field mobility and data accuracy. They modernized the mobile application with a user-friendly interface, ensuring seamless operation on smartphones used by field biologists, and optimized it for current technological standards. The updates included a streamlined form system for easier data input and added features that support RAMSAR wetland data collection in compliance with international environmental protocols. They also improved the application’s data transmission reliability and overall usability, incorporating dynamic map interactions for better real-time data visualization. Additionally, updates to the web portal

improved administrative efficiency by streamlining data registration and management processes, allowing users to interact more effectively with geographic and biodiversity data. These changes position the TERENSKA platform as a vital tool for biodiversity data collection and management, meeting the evolving needs of nature protection professionals in the field.

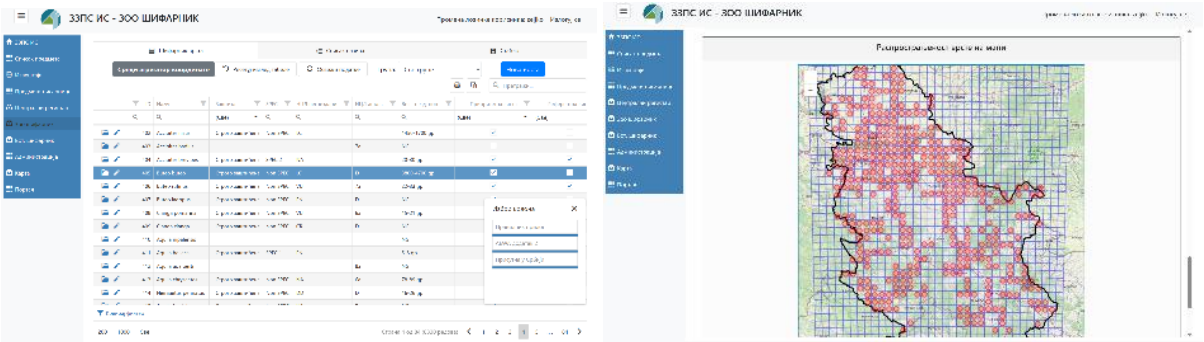


Screenshots from the updated TERENSKA field application

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
2.8 Upgraded information systems and biodiversity databases in the Institute for Nature Conservation of Serbia and the Institute for Nature Conservation of Vojvodina Province	1	Completed

GSC Systems, engaged by UNDP for upgrading the biodiversity modules of the information systems for two Institutes for Nature Conservation, successfully completed the task. They integrated elements for a future web-based operation of the service in line with the INSPIRE Directive, which INCS formally accepted. The upgrades enhanced

several key components of the information systems. GSC Systems established a unified biodiversity data infrastructure, incorporating an upgraded catalogue of species and habitats. They developed specialized modules for botanical and zoological catalogues to ensure smooth data handling and user interaction across web-based applications. The system now supports interoperability with INSPIRE-compatible geospatial web services, enhancing data exchange protocols between the two institutes. GSC Systems supported the system's robustness with comprehensive documentation and training, ensuring timely task completion. Additional improvements include integrating Google Maps for better visualization and migrating to Android API Level 36, underscoring the system's modernization and enhanced operational capabilities.

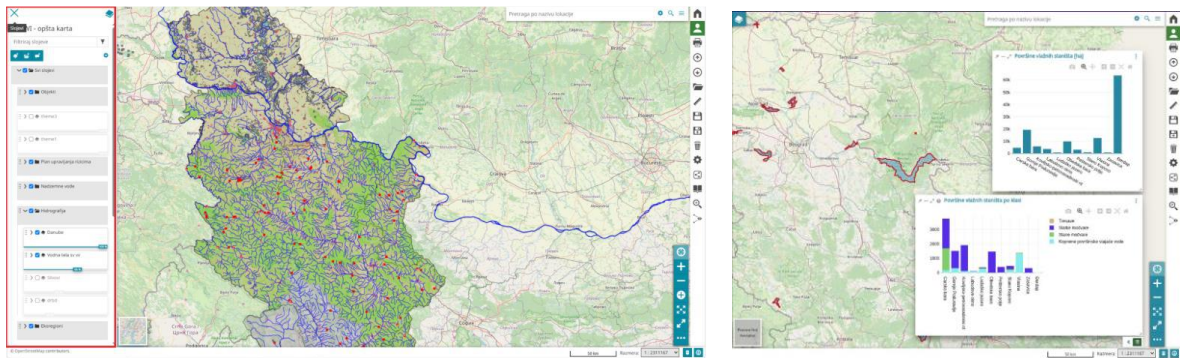


Screenshots from the updated INCS biodiversity module of the information system

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
2.9 National wetland inventory completed according to the Ramsar Framework for Wetland Inventory	1	Ongoing

The consortium, consisting of the Institute for Biological Research “Siniša Stanković” and Mapsoft, engaged by the UNDP project team, completed all planned activities for the National Wetland Inventory (NWI) development in 2025. This culminated in the creation of a draft digital platform for Serbia's first National Wetland Inventory, which they presented to the Ministry of Environmental Protection. The MEP is reconsidering options for hosting the NWI and the decision is expected in first quarter of 2026.

In 2025, the consortium defined stakeholders and established a coordination mechanism, developed an implementation timeline and an operational document for the review and evaluation process, reviewed existing information and inventory methods, and determined the scale and resolution. They identified the core data set, completed habitat classification, and developed an inventory method and data management system. They also collected missing data, defined the procedure for reporting results, conducted a review and evaluation process, and produced and tested the draft NWI portal.



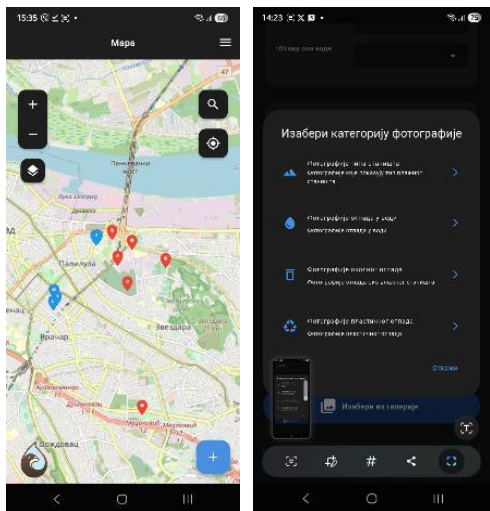
Screenshots from the National Wetland Inventory of Serbia developed by IBISS and Mapsoft

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
2.10 Updated Ramsar Sites Information Service (RSIS) based on new data for Serbia	1	Ongoing

The Institute for Biological Research “Siniša Stanković” undertook the task of updating the Ramsar Sites Information Service (RSIS) as part of the National Wetland Inventory (NWI) development process (see output indicator 2.9 above). The RSIS update will be completed in the first half of 2026.

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
2.11 # of users of mobile application for citizens science	5,000	Ongoing

The UNDP Tech Cell, engaged by the UNDP project team, completed the development of the “Wetland Guardian” citizen science application aimed at wetland conservation. In early 2026, scientists from the Institute for Biological Research “Siniša Stanković” and the UNDP Communications team will actively promote the “Wetland Guardian” application.



Screenshots from the smartphone using the Wetland Guardian application

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
2.12 Wetland Restoration Action Plan completed	1	Ongoing (UNEP)*

UNEP engaged the Institute for Biological Research “Siniša Stanković” to conduct an analysis for selecting a pilot site for the development of a Wetland Restoration Action Plan in 2025. They applied a prioritization tool to 19 potential protected areas with wetlands and selected the Special Nature Reserve “Uvac” for developing a Wetland Restoration Action Plan, which they plan to complete in 2026.

EU for Green Agenda in Serbia: Take Action

Output 3 - NbS implemented in pilot site

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
3.1 # of preselected pilot sites with high potential for climate adaptation through implementation of NbS	3	Completed

The UNDP Project team engaged a national consultant from the Institute for Biological Research “Siniša Stanković” and successfully completed the pilot site preselection process in 2024, prior to the publishing of the Challenge Call (for more details please refer to the annual report for 2024).

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
3.2 Call for proposals for Nature based Solution challenge launched	1	Completed

The UNDP Project team successfully published and implemented the Challenge Call in 2024 soliciting enough high-quality projects under one call (for more details please refer to the annual report for 2024).

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
3.3 # of identified pilot sites for potential implementation of NbS	1	Completed

After publishing the Challenge Call for Innovative Solutions for the Protection, Preservation, and Revitalization of Wetland Habitats, and completing the acceleration and final selection process, the UNDP Project team selected the pilot projects with active wetland conservation measures for implementation. By 2025, teams successfully completed four of these projects, while for the remaining two projects, the protected area managers implemented their core activities in 2025, with final deliverables scheduled for completion by mid-July 2026. For more details, please refer to Output indicator 3.4 below.

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
3.4 # of NbS implemented	1	4 - Completed 2 - Ongoing

The Public Enterprise “National Park Tara” successfully completed the implementation of the project “Restoration of Wetland Habitats in Tara National Park through Innovative Technologies” in 2025. They achieved a novel wetland habitat restoration by using fog catchers to ensure sufficient water for the peat-forming mosses at the Crveni Potok peatbog. Key results include installing three fog catchers, a 6,000-liter water storage, and a surface pipe distribution system to ensure moisture recovery across 10 hectares. The project team achieved biological restoration by reintroducing native Sphagnum mosses across a 30 m² area, enhancing peat-forming processes and ecosystem resilience. The National Park established a continuous ecological monitoring system with four dataloggers and twenty environmental sensors across Crveni Potok and Mala Batura peat bogs, providing critical baseline data and early warnings for adaptive management. Additionally, National Park Tara installed five camera traps to monitor the habitat and equipment and set up a 40-meter protective wooden fence to deter unauthorized access and safeguard the critical peatbog habitat. They also produced eight educational boards to inform visitors about wetland conservation and innovative methods like fog catcher installations. Through the project, the project team organized interactive workshops for over 70 children from local schools and developed an educational game to foster awareness about peat bogs and biodiversity conservation. Furthermore, the national park developed a practical guide for peat bog restoration, available online, reinforcing the project's commitment to sustainable conservation practices.



Fog catchers, water reservoirs and information boards installed at Crveni potok peat bog in National Park Tara

In 2025, the Public Water Management Company "Srbijavode" successfully completed the project "Natural Measures for an Ecological Gradac" in cooperation with the Ecological Society Gradac. They achieved significant ecological restoration and educational outreach in the Gradac River area. The project accomplished the goal of riverbed clearing by mechanically removing obstacles to river flow, such as large fallen tree trunks and over 3,500 m³ of sediment, to enhance river flow and restore ecological balance. PWC "Srbijavode" implemented bioengineering interventions by installing willow-wattle structures to provide a nature-based solution for preventing riverbank erosion along a 150 m stretch. Throughout the project, scientists from the Institute for Biological Research "Siniša Stanković" conducted biodiversity assessments to ensure minimal negative impact on the ecosystem and to highlight the Gradac River's good water quality. The project's visibility and public awareness activities were notable, with the Ecological Society Gradac engaging over 250 primary school students in the Valjevo area through educational workshops. The project also developed an online portal to monitor project progress, ran a social media campaign, and produced and disseminated promotional materials.



Willow wattle construction and sediment removal in Landscape of Exceptional Features Gradac River Gorge

The Public Enterprise "Vojvodinašume" implemented the project "Revitalisation of water bodies and wetlands in three protected areas along Danube and Sava River" and revitalized a 380 m channel in the Special Nature Reserve Koviljsko-Petrovaradinski rit by dredging 15,250 m³ of sediment. They also revitalized a 150-meter channel in the Special Nature Reserve Obedska bara by dredging 4,201 m³ of sediment. To apply nature-based solutions, they installed artificial floating islands in Obedska bara and 80 meters of willow revetments to prevent soil erosion in Koviljsko-Petrovaradinski rit. The project is scheduled for completion by mid-July 2026.



Dredging of canals for revitalizing wetland habitats in Special Nature Reserves Koviljsko-Petrovaradinski Rit and Obedska bara



Floating island in Obedska bara and willow revetments in Koviljsko-Petrovaradinski rit

The Association of Sport Fishermen "Deliblatsko jezero," in collaboration with the project partner Institute for Regional Development and experts from the University of Belgrade - Faculty of Biology, successfully achieved significant milestones in the project "Revitalization of European mudminnow habitat in SNR Kraljevac" as outlined in its 2025 implementation plan. They made core achievements by removing 5,217 m³ of sediment from the Ćinkina Ćuprija canal, revitalizing the area and stabilizing the riverbank while paying special attention to minimizing the impact on local wildlife. During this phase of the project, they conducted communication activities, including

a media campaign and the production of promotional materials. Additionally, they organized three community and scientific meetings. The project activities are scheduled for completion by mid-June 2026.



Dredging works in SNR Kraljevac revitalizing the critical wetland habitat for the European mudminnow and other endangered wildlienema

In 2025, the Environmental Movement of Sremska Mitrovica successfully completed the project "Conservation of Zasavica: Integrated Approach to Invasive Species Management for a Sustainable Future". They removed invasive plant species from the Valjevac pasture through mapping and focused targeted removal efforts. Using mechanical methods, they cleared invasive plants across 30 hectares, concentrating on species like Common Milkweed and Hawthorn. They collected approximately 10 tons of invasive plant biomass and provided it to local communities for use in producing heat energy. Additionally, the team successfully restored natural hydrological processes within the Special Nature Reserve Zasavica by excavating shallow channels and reshaping pond banks to improve water retention and distribution in the wet meadows. The project activities enhanced the ecological state of the Valjevac pasture, promoting native biodiversity while fostering local community involvement and sustainable practices.



Removal of invasive plant species and construction of a shallow water-logged depression in Special Nature Reserve Zasavica

In 2025, National Park Fruška Gora successfully completed the "Green Steps — Nature-Based Solutions for the Danube Riparian Wetlands" project. They restored the Poloj-

Beočinski Rit area by removing invasive plant species and planting 17,500 White poplar seedlings over a total of 31.57 hectares. The project engaged over 100 community members, including residents and volunteers, through workshops and training sessions focused on wetland restoration and sustainable land management. They produced a GIS-based database to track habitat restoration and biomass reuse efforts. Additionally, they developed and disseminated five knowledge products, enhancing community awareness and involvement, and strengthening local capacity for ongoing environmental stewardship and sustainable management practices in the Danube riparian wetlands.



Removal of invasive plant vegetation and the planting of White poplar seedlings in National Park Fruška Gora

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
3.5 Assessment Report on sites with high protentional for implementation of NbS in the future	1	Ongoing

The UNDP project team engaged a national expert to conduct an extensive assessment of sites (protected areas) with high potential for the future implementation of Nature-based Solutions (NbS). The expert's tasks include revising and upgrading the existing methodological framework for assessing potential sites for NbS implementation, with a particular focus on wetland habitats, while aligning with the IUCN Global Standard and project priorities. Additionally, the expert is tasked with assessing protected

wetland areas for NbS potential, selecting five priority pilot sites, and providing detailed recommendations and action plans for active protection and restoration measures. The expert will produce comprehensive reports for each stage, with the Assessment Report scheduled for completion in 2026.

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
4.1 National nature/biodiversity/ecosystems financing plan prepared	1	Ongoing **

*** Activity done in conjunction with the BIOFIN project*

Experts engaged by the UNDP project team, working jointly with the BIOFIN project, completed the Policy and Institutional Review (PIR) and the Biodiversity Expenditure Review (BER) in 2025 for the development of the National biodiversity financing plan. The experts are in the process of drafting the Biodiversity Finance Needs Assessment (FNA) and the Biodiversity Finance Plan (BFP), which shall be completed in 2026.

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
4.2 Designed financing mechanism to support nature/biodiversity/ecosystem investments (e.g., investments into NbS and ecosystem maintenance/restoration)	1	Ongoing **

*** Activity done in conjunction with the BIOFIN project*

In 2025, the process of Biodiversity Finance Plan (BFP) development by the engaged experts (please refer to Output Indicator 4.1 above) includes the design of a financing mechanism to support nature/biodiversity/ecosystem investments. The national experts engaged by UNDP Project team shall complete the task in 2026.

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
4.3 # of trained persons on gender-responsive budgeting for monitoring national spending of nature protection and climate change related funding	20	Ongoing (UNEP)*

** UNEP as per UN2UN agreement is responsible for the implementation of the above-mentioned activities.*

In 2025, UNEP undertook the initial steps to strengthen institutional capacities for gender-responsive budgeting by developing a detailed curriculum for a two-day training on Gender-Responsive Budgeting in the Environmental Sector in Serbia. The training is structured into six modules covering topics such as the basics of gender-responsive budgeting, gender analysis in environmental protection, exercises in identifying gender disparities, defining gender-sensitive goals and indicators, integrating these into budgetary frameworks, and monitoring and evaluating gender-responsive measures. Participants, including public sector employees at various levels, will learn to recognize gender inequalities, understand gender analysis, formulate indicators, and apply gender perspectives in policymaking, enhancing the inclusivity, transparency, and efficiency of environmental protection programs in alignment with EU standards. The trainings will be conducted in 2026.

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
4.4 Road map for gender mainstreaming in nature, water, and climate policies	1	Ongoing (UNEP)*

** UNEP as per UN2UN agreement is responsible for the implementation of the above-mentioned activities.*

In 2025, UNEP engaged the Association for Sustainable Communities' Development to produce the Roadmap for Gender Mainstreaming in Nature, Water, and Climate Policies in the Republic of Serbia. The Association created a draft document that assesses progress and identifies challenges in integrating gender equality within Serbia's environmental governance framework. They found significant gaps in the explicit incorporation of gender equality across sectoral policies, noting that existing laws and strategies in nature, water, and climate lack mandates for gender-disaggregated data or gender-responsive assessments. The Association included recommendations for future improvements, such as policy-level integration of gender into climate and biodiversity strategies, enhanced institutional coordination, mandatory training, budgeting mechanisms, and gender indicators aligned with the 2030 Agenda. They shall finalize the document in 2026.

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
4.5 # of identified and selected Pilot Protected Areas	5	Ongoing
Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
4.6 # of conducted Ecosystem Service Assessments	5	Ongoing
Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status

4.7 # of developed Ecosystem Service Profiles for each pilot area, documenting the types and values of ecosystem services provided, including carbon sequestration, water purification, and recreational benefits	5	Ongoing
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In 2025, the UNDP Project team published a call for offers and engaged company that gathered an international expert team to develop a tailored methodology for the Economic Valuation of Ecosystem Services (EVES) in Serbia. The expert team conducts thorough research on existing valuation approaches and creates a rapid, adaptable EVES methodology suitable for Serbia's context, which can be applied at ten pilot protected area sites. They will conduct detailed EVES studies at these sites, collecting data, mapping service flows, performing valuations, and documenting findings. They will develop comprehensive profiles for each site, highlighting ecosystem services and their economic implications for various stakeholders. To integrate EVES into development planning, they will analyse existing plans for gaps and provide final methodologies and guidelines, offering specific recommendations and case studies. These outputs will directly contribute to the Biodiversity Financing Plan, under Output 4.1, by providing strategies to enhance biodiversity finance. Lastly, the consortium is tasked with conducting training sessions for planners, policymakers, stakeholders, and local communities to build skills and knowledge for integrating EVES into development planning. They selected consortium shall implement these activities in 2026.

Output indicator	Target for 2025	Status
5.1 # of implemented campaigns and stakeholder dialogues	1	Ongoing

The UNDP Project team, together with the engaged company New Media Team and UNDP Communications team, continued to successfully implement the campaign “This is not just a pond,” throughout 2025. For more details on materials produced as part of the campaign in 2025, please refer to the "Project Visibility" section below.

As part of Output 5.1 in 2025, the team organized two stakeholder dialogues. The first dialogue took the form of a workshop in May in Novi Sad, focusing on wetland habitat management in the Autonomous Province of Vojvodina. Over 60 participants attended the event, representing state institutions, local self-government units, protected area managers, public enterprise companies, and media outlets.



Participants of the workshop on the topic of wetland habitat management in AP Vojvodina

In June 2025, the UNDP Project team held the second stakeholder dialogue as a networking workshop in the National Park Tara, focusing on financing biodiversity conservation in Serbia and involving the private sector. Forty participants attended, including representatives from companies that are members of the American Chamber of Commerce in Serbia. The participating companies had the opportunity to directly interact and exchange ideas with protected area managers and representatives from nature protection civil society organizations on scaling up existing projects and financially supporting new nature conservation ideas. Representatives from the Ministry of Environmental Protection and the Swedish Embassy also attended the workshop. This novel approach to diversifying biodiversity financing has already led to confirmed support for two projects in 2025, with at least two more expected in 2026. The team developed two videos to promote the establishment of networking between the private sector and nature protection stakeholders in Serbia (please see the Project Visibility section below).



Participants of the two-day networking workshop on the topic of biodiversity financing and the private sector

RISKS AND CHALLENGES

Output 1- Regulatory and strategic planning framework underpinning nature-water-climate nexus approach improved

The risk "Lack of engagement in decision-making process" by the beneficiary (MEP) identified as a potential threat factor for activities 1.1 and 1.2. MEP has initiated the process of drafting the New Law on Nature Protection in 2025, with initial limited involvement of engaged experts and UNDP Project Team in the drafting of the provisions. Active involvement of MEP during the Decree on Appropriate Assessment was notable only in the final stages of the analysis and draft Decree development process. Based on the experience during 2025, this risk can be classified as moderate.

Output 2- Capacities on sustainable and participative management of protected areas and the water-related ecosystems are increased, as well as the capacities on NbS and gender-sensitive, climate adaptation planning

The risk initially defined in the ProDoc for activities 2.7 and 2.8 did not materialize. The potential risk for the process of upgrading of the information systems of INCS and

PINC – insufficient capacities of INCS staff for protected area boundary polygon mapping was overcome for the purpose of completing the tasks through the engagement of two national consultants which ensured compatibility with the INSPIRE Directive. The staff of SGA was directly involved in the process of aligning the INCS geospatial data with the INSPIRE Directive.

The previously identified high risk of poor data availability for the activity 2.9 has been addressed through the collection of additional data by the staff of the Institute for Biological Research “Siniša Stanković” as a constituent task in the National Wetland Inventory development process.

The UNDP Project Team was in constant communication with national partners to ensure that implementation of activities is on track. The long-standing partnership with national partners and confirmation of commitment to the project goals guaranteed that no major hindrances to project implementation occurred.

LESSONS LEARNED

Output 2- Capacities on sustainable and participative management of protected areas and the water-related ecosystems are increased, as well as the capacities on NbS and gender-sensitive, climate adaptation planning

Most participants of the capacity building workshops have expressed need and interest for additional training sessions on the topics of use of digital tools for nature conservation, diversifying biodiversity financing through private sector involvement and exchange of experience on peatland and other wetland habitat restoration with experts from EU member states.

Output 3 - NbS implemented in pilot site

It is always necessary to directly involve the experts from INCS and PINC, despite resumed knowledge of the protected area managers, scientists and the engaged mentors in the acceleration process. Direct consultation with INCS and PINC staff on planned active measures has been proven to be crucial for smooth implementation and all precautionary measures that may have been overlooked by project teams, as not all protected area managers and project teams have the same capacity to predict potential complications for project activity implementation.

PARTNERSHIPS

Ministry of Environmental Protection (MEP)

The UNDP Project Team maintains direct and permanent communication with the Ministry for Environmental Protection, particularly the Sector for Nature Protection for all issues relevant for the project implementation. The cooperation in 2025 with the designated operational contact personnel from the Sector for Nature Protection was expeditive, especially for the purpose of revision and authorization of deliverables for the cofinanced projects implemented under the Challenge Call and the development of the National Wetland Inventory, as well as conducting the joint presentation and consultation of the draft Decree on Appropriate Assessment. Representatives from the Sector for Nature Protection have actively participated in the stakeholder dialogue event held as a part of this project.

Institute for Nature Conservation of Serbia (INCS) and Provincial Institute for Nature Conservation (PINC)

Cooperation with both INCS and PINC at operational level has greatly facilitated project activities, from consultations on active protection measures relevant for the pilot projects being implemented in 2025 as a part of the Challenge Call, to technical issues regarding the information system and field application upgrades. Representatives of both INCS and PINC have actively participated in project events organized by the UNDP project team, such as workshops and the stakeholder dialogue event. PINC representatives have accompanied the UNDP project team members in spot checks in the field. The UNDP project team has participated in the annual event held for relevant stakeholders for nature protection in INCS headquarters in Belgrade.

Stakeholders

The UNDP project team engaged with the managers of protected areas, civil society organizations and public enterprises involved in the implementation of the projects supported through the Challenge Call on a regular basis. The UNDP project team involved all relevant managers of protected areas and nature protection civil society organizations in several project activities, such as capacity building workshops and networking events, with the goal of expanding the impact of the project, especially through the activities which involved the private sector as a potential source of financing biodiversity conservation.

GENDER MAINSTREAMING

In 2025 the project contributed to the achievement of SDG 5: Gender Equality through all activities, from adequate representation in trainings and events, and especially through equal gender representation in project teams implementing projects supported through Challenge Call. These projects also ensured equal gender representation in all activities involving stakeholder participation, as well as through the active participation and integration of all social groups in the project activities.

PROJECT VISIBILITY

In 2025, the UNDP Project team successfully conducted the implementation of the campaign "This is not just a pond" throughout the year, as mentioned in the Narrative Overview of Project Results under Output 5.1.

The UNDP Project team directly communicated project activities through three issues of the project newsletter, reaching over 300 relevant stakeholders. These stakeholders included nature conservation professionals in state bodies, scientific and academic institutions, protected area managers, civil society organizations involved in nature protection, and all local self-governance units via the Permanent Conference of Cities and Municipalities, as well as numerous companies in the private sector via chambers of commerce like AmCham.

The April 2025 newsletter focused on the importance of a comprehensive wetland inventory process for the Ministry of Environmental Protection. It highlighted the role of birds as indicators of wetland health and the importance of peatlands for water preservation and climate change mitigation. Additionally, it provided insights into the critical role of nature guards in wetland habitat conservation in both the highland plateau of Pešter and the flatlands of Vojvodina and covered the use of technology such as drones and applications for mapping and monitoring wetlands, along with a brief overview of successful ecotourism and community engagement in the Special Nature Reserve Zasavica.

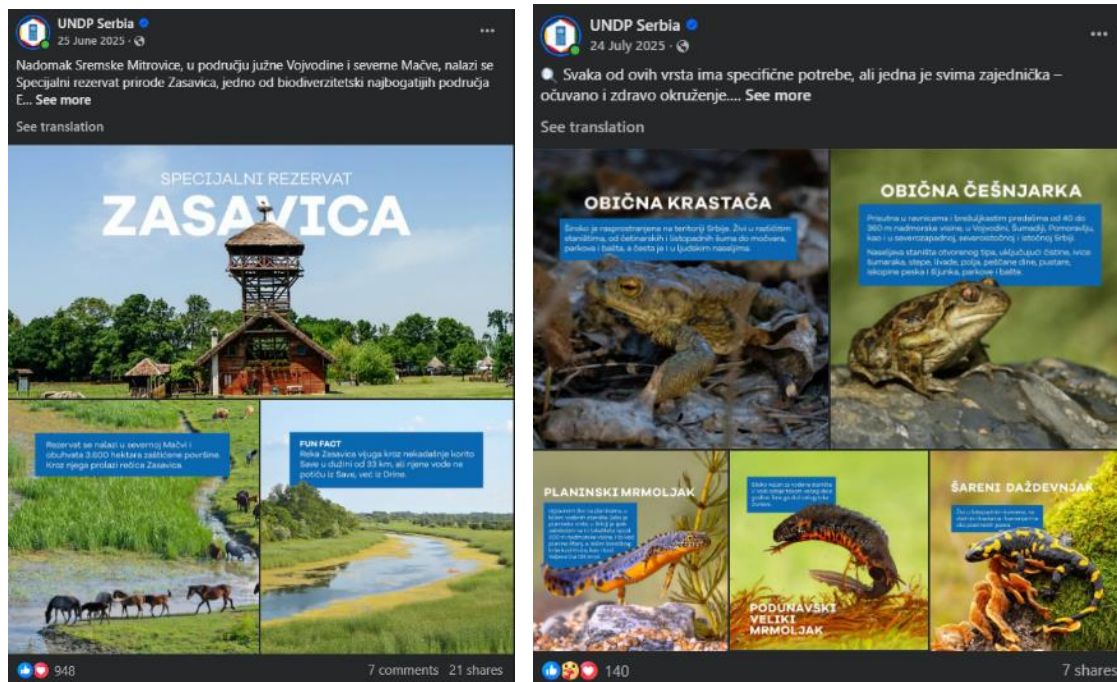
The October 2025 issue highlighted innovative approaches, like fog catchers for moisture collection in Tara National Park and provided insights into the importance of dragonflies as indicators of freshwater health. It covered various initiatives held as part of the project, including a stakeholder dialogue on wetland management in Vojvodina Province and an event organized by UNDP in Tara National Park to enhance private sector investments in biodiversity in Serbia. This issue also shared the experience of BirdLife Cyprus in preserving one of the most important wetlands on the island, along with the main roles of the Institute for Nature Conservation of Serbia and the plans of the public enterprise "Srbijašume" for wetland restoration.

The December 2025 issue highlighted the importance of preserving amphibians and reptiles for successful wetland management and provided insights on boosting private sector investment in biodiversity. It gave a glimpse of the National Wetland Inventory development process and presented practical wetland conservation efforts in the Gradac River Gorge implemented as part of the project, as well as sharing the Portuguese experience in wetland restoration.

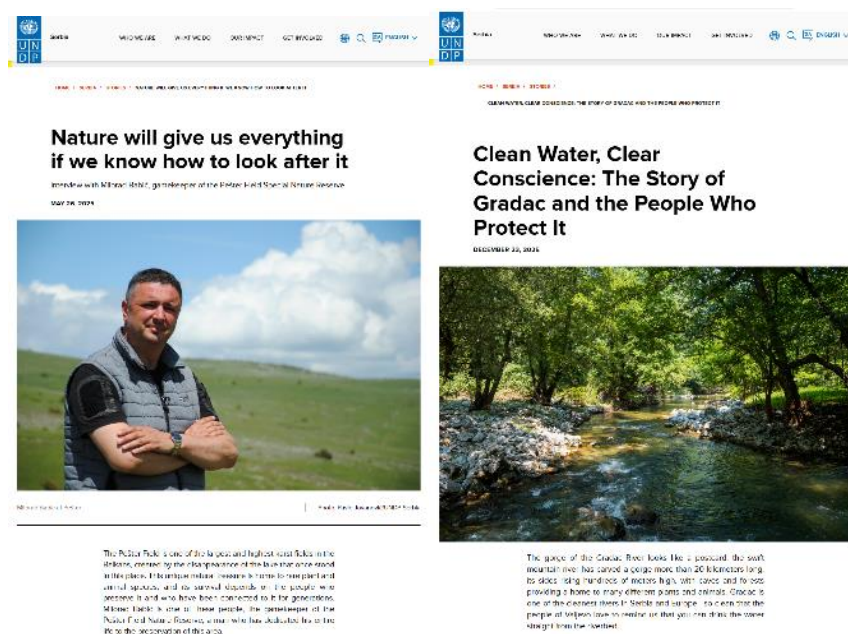


Covers of the project Newsletter published in 2025 (April, October and December)

In 2025, UNDP created and published 12 social media posts, combining visuals and copy to raise awareness about endangered wetland habitats and species. They based all texts on expert data and relevant sources to ensure accuracy and align with the campaign's goals. Additionally, the lead implementing beneficiaries and their project partners promoted the supported projects from the Challenge Call on their social media channels, with continuous quality assurance from UNDP.



Screenshots of two examples of project social media posts



Screenshots of two project related articles

In 2025, New Media Team engaged by the UNDP Project team developed two promotional videos for the project. The first promotional video focused on the general narrative on the importance of wetlands and the need for their conservation has been published in 2025. The second promotional video for the project, focusing on three projects with active wetland conservation and restoration measures cofinanced as part

of the Challenge Call. They plan to formally publish and broadcast the video in the first quarter of 2026.



Screenshot from the first promotional video for the project



Screenshots from the second project promotional video

Two promotional videos were produced to promote the second stakeholder dialogue organized on in June 2025 in the National Park Tara on the topic of financing biodiversity conservation in Serbia and the involvement of the private sector.



Screenshots from the two promotional videos for financing biodiversity conservation in Serbia and the involvement of the private sector

LOOKING AHEAD

In 2026 the project will focus on:

Finalization of the projects co-financed through the Challenge Call.

Completion of the National Wetland Inventory.

Promotion of the Wetland Guardian citizen science application for wetland conservation.

Assessment of sites with high protentional for implementation of NbS in the future.

Completion of the draft of the New Law on Nature Protection harmonized with the EU *acquis communautaire*.

Completion of the national biodiversity financing plan and financing mechanisms.

Ecosystem services

The project raised significant interest of stakeholders, from Government to the LSGs and managers of protected areas. The project team identified high number of excellent investment proposals that can be supported and many of the implemented solutions further scaled.

The project proposes to initiate the discussion and explore additional funding opportunities to support the raised expectations and scale up impacts to accelerate Serbia's compliance with the EU Acquis as well as with the relevant SDGs and MEAs (e.g. the UNCBD, Kunming-Montreal protocol and Paris Agreement).

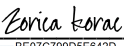
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Pavle Jovanović, Project Analyst, United Nations Development Programme

Progress Report narrative verified by :

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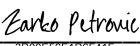
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Miroslav Tadić, Programme Analyst, United Nations Development Programme

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Žarko Petrović, Programme Specialist-Resilient Development, United Nations Development Programme

ANNEX A - FINANCIAL REPORT (Period from the beginning of the project until 31 December 2025)

ACTIVITIES	RESPONSIBLE PARTY	BUDGET	EXPENDITURES	COMMITTED	BALANCE
A 1.1. Development of legislation following nature-water-climate synergy (contributing to implementation of Pillar 4 of the Green Agenda in Serbia "Protecting and investing in biodiversity and ecosystems")	UNDP	\$107.600,00	\$68.059,06	\$24.248,53	\$15.292,41
A.1.2. Strengthening capacities of representatives of competent institutions to mainstream nature-water-climate synergy into implementation of policies (in Serbia "Protecting and investing in biodiversity and ecosystems")	UNEP	\$82.000,00	\$36.796,29	\$17.845,59	\$27.358,12
	UNDP	\$10.000,00	\$19.982,76	\$45.000,00	-\$54.982,76
OUTPUT 1 TOTAL		\$199.600,00	\$124.838,11	\$87.094,12	-\$12.332,23
A 2.1. Assessments of protected area's role in achieving climate change adaptation and mitigation goals	UNEP	\$10.000,00	\$10.000,00		\$0,00
A 2.2. Strengthening the capacities of stakeholders for improved management of protected areas (contributing to implementation of Pillar 4 of the Green Agenda in Serbia "Protecting and investing in biodiversity and ecosystems")	UNDP	\$58.400,00	\$53.565,48		\$4.834,52
	UNEP	\$14.400,00	\$10.404,00	\$3.245,01	\$750,99

A 2.3. Improving data, monitoring and reporting on nature, biodiversity and ecosystems	UNDP	\$159.800,00	\$168.671,51	\$20.282,40	-\$29.153,91
A 2.4. Preparation of National wetland inventory and Wetland Restoration Action Plan	UNDP	\$81.000,00	\$60.808,58	\$33.000,00	-\$12.808,58
	UNEP	\$14.000,00	\$6.028,35	\$2.000,00	\$5.971,65
OUTPUT 2 TOTAL		\$337.600,00	\$309.477,92	\$43.527,41	-\$15.405,33
A 3.1. Identification of pilot sites with high potential for climate adaptation through implementation of NbS (through stakeholder dialogue and by applying appropriate methodology)	UNDP * UN2UN agreement commitment			\$19.900,00	-\$19.900,00
	UNEP	\$54.500,00	\$41.242,78	\$2.451,25	\$10.805,97
A 3.2. Implementation of the Challenge call for proposals for Nature based Solution	UNDP	\$381.257,58	\$510.480,48	\$206.431,53	-\$335.654,43
A 3.3. conducting the assessment of sites with high potential for implementation of NbS in the future	UNDP	\$12.900,00	\$0,00	\$9.600,00	\$3.300,00
OUTPUT 3 TOTAL		\$448.657,58	\$551.723,26	\$218.482,78	-\$321.548,46

4.1 Preparation the national nature/biodiversity/ecosystems financing plan in synergy with the UNDP-BioFin regional initiative, including the assessment of existing financing mechanisms	UNDP	\$48.000,00	\$17.278,48	\$33.891,52	-\$3.170,00
4.2 Assess the existing and design new financing mechanism to support nature/biodiversity/ecosystem investments (e.g. investmets into NbS and ecosystem maintenance/restauration)	UNDP	\$21.500,00	\$14.623,96		\$6.876,04
4.3. Collecting data and development of a road map for gender mainstreaming in nature, water, and climate policies	UNDP * UN2UN agreement commitment			\$8.000,00	-\$8.000,00
	UNEP	\$8.000,00	\$4.626,00	\$3.374,00	\$0,00
4.4. Training prepared and conducted on gender-responsive budgeting for monitoring national spending of nature protection and climate change related funding	UNDP * UN2UN agreement commitment			\$26.500,00	-\$26.500,00
	UNEP	\$22.000,00	\$4.090,00	\$2.227,40	\$15.682,60
4.5 Comprehensive Assessment of Ecosystem Services	UNDP	\$69.000,00	\$8.608,73	\$111.425,69	-\$51.034,42
4.6 Create Basis for Integration of Ecosystem Service Valorization into Development Planning	UNDP	\$25.500,00	\$0,00	\$13.000,00	\$12.500,00

4.7 Enhanced Collaboration and Knowledge Sharing Through Established Collaborative Platforms and Knowledge Dissemination	UNDP	\$16.000,00	\$0,00	\$6.000,00	\$10.000,00
OUTPUT 4 TOTAL		\$210.000,00	\$49.227,17	\$204.418,61	-\$43.645,78
A 5.1. Development of project communication plan	UNDP	\$31.000,00	\$23.399,63	\$9.560,37	-\$1.960,00
A 5.2. Implementation of project communication plan focusing on public campaigns and dialogues on nature-water-climate synergy from a vulnerable groups perspective	UNDP	\$66.000,00	\$69.076,10	\$7.860,40	-\$10.936,50
OUTPUT 5 TOTAL		\$97.000,00	\$92.475,73	\$17.420,77	-\$12.896,50
A 6.1. Project management	UNDP	\$64.194,30	\$47.185,45		\$17.008,85
DIRECT PROJECT COSTS	TOTAL	\$1.357.051,88	\$1.174.927,64	\$570.943,69	-\$388.819,45
General Management Services	UNDP	\$92.172,15	\$84.939,22		\$7.232,93
General Management Services	UNEP	\$16.392,00	\$9.054,99		\$7.337,01
PROJECT COST TOTAL		\$1.465.616,03	\$1.268.921,85	\$570.943,69	-\$374.249,51

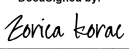
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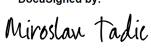
Pavle Jovanović, Project Analyst, United Nations Development Programme

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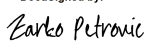
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Žarko Petrović, Programme Specialist-Resilient Development, United Nations Development Programme